



**Visceral+™** is a dietary supplement to be taken in conjunction with eating a healthy diet to help support appetite control and reduce abdominal fat accumulation.\*

This weight wellness formula includes special plant-based ingredients: White Kidney Bean, African Mango, Berberine, Gymnema Sylvestre, Cinnamon Powder, Rhodiola Rosea Root Powder, along with Vitamin D3, Magnesium, Chromium, and BioPerine® to help with absorption.

**White Kidney Bean** (*phaseolus vulgaris*) is rich in alpha-amylase inhibitor and has been used for reducing glycemia and calories absorption through preventing or delaying the digestion of complex carbohydrates.<sup>1</sup>

**African Mango Extract** is made from the seeds of the African mango plant, also known as *Irvingia gabonensis*. The fruit looks similar to the mango you might see in the grocery store. African mango is especially valued for their dietary-fiber, fat, and protein-rich seeds. The extract may help maintain healthy body weight when taken in conjunction with a healthy diet and exercise.<sup>2</sup>

**Berberine** is a plant alkaloid with a long history of medicinal use in both Ayurvedic and Chinese medicine. Our berberine is derived from the root of *Berberis aristata*. Research shows Berberine can provide many health benefits including support for metabolic function.\*

**Gymnema Sylvestre** has been shown to support anti-obesity and antidiabetic properties, decreases body weight and also inhibits glucose absorption.<sup>3</sup>

Research has also shown that Gymnema may help curb a sweet-tooth. The key finding was that having a sweet tooth (relative to non-sweet tooth) resulted in a significant decrease in pleasantness and desire for more high-sugar sweet food.<sup>4</sup>

**Cinnamon Powder** is a popular spice that has also been used in traditional medicine around the world for thousands of years. When it comes to fat, there are two types of fat cells, white and brown. White fat cells are specialized to store chemical energy while brown fat cells dissipate energy as heat. Cinnamon has

shown to induce browning in subcutaneous fat, which is an attractive anti-obesity strategy.<sup>5</sup>

Cinnamon supplementation has shown positive effects on obesity measures and can be recommended as a weight-reducing supplement in obesity management.<sup>6</sup>

**Rhodiola Rosea Root Powder** has long been employed in traditional medicine as a natural tonic, referred to as an adaptogen. Rhodiola is used to promote good health, strength, endurance, and physical and mental performance.<sup>7</sup>

**Chromium Picolinate** is a highly absorbable form of chromium. Chromium is an essential mineral that appears to have a beneficial role in the regulation of insulin action and its effects on carbohydrate, protein and lipid metabolism.<sup>8</sup>

**Vitamin D** is essential for bone health, and may also have important functions in immunity and other systems, but some studies have shown vitamin D is lower in obese people.<sup>9</sup>

**Magnesium** is a cofactor in more than 300 enzyme systems that regulate diverse biochemical reactions in the body, including protein synthesis, muscle and nerve function, and blood glucose control.<sup>10</sup>

**BioPerine®** has been clinically tested with several nutrient groups, including water-soluble vitamins (vitamin B6, vitamin C), selenium, coenzyme Q10 and other ingredients to significantly enhance the bioavailability of supplemented nutrients through increased absorption.<sup>11</sup>

\*These statements have not been evaluated by the Food and Drug Administration. This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease.

**The Difference in Fat**

Fat in the body is used to store energy, but not all fats are equal. Visceral fat is a type of body fat that's stored within the abdominal cavity packed between vital organs (stomach, liver, intestines, kidneys, etc.). It can also build up in the arteries and is sometimes referred to as "active fat" because it can actively increase the risk of serious health problems.

If you have some belly fat, that's not necessarily visceral fat. Belly fat can also be subcutaneous fat, stored just under the skin. Fat in the lower body, as in thighs and buttocks, is subcutaneous.

"Why is visceral fat worse than subcutaneous fat?" April 25, 2016 University of Illinois at Chicago.

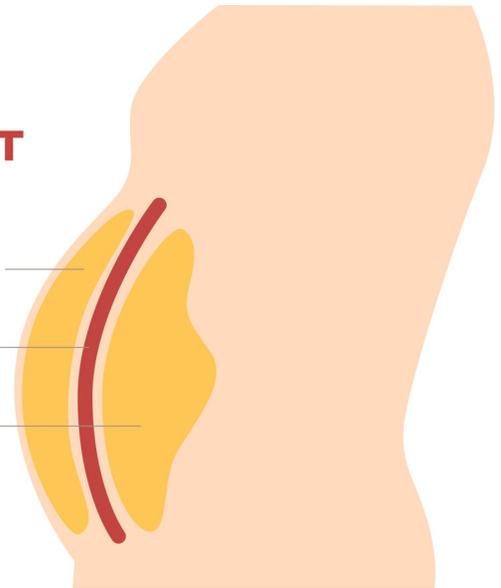
The findings from the above, are published in the journal Nature Communications, stating all body fat is not created equal in terms of associated health risks. Visceral fat is strongly linked to metabolic disease and insulin resistance, and an increased risk of death, even for people who have a normal body mass index. Subcutaneous fat doesn't carry the same risks -- some subcutaneous fat may even be protective.

**HUMAN FAT**

SUBCUTANEOUS FAT

MUSCLES

VISCERAL FAT



Visceral+™ is a unique formula of natural ingredients to support appetite control and reduce abdominal fat accumulation.†

**NON-GMO  
GLUTEN FREE**      **SOY FREE  
DAIRY FREE**

**Suggested Use:** As a dietary supplement, take 2 capsules daily with 8 oz. of water, preferably 1 capsule 30 minutes prior to your two largest meals.

**Warning:** Do not use if pregnant, nursing or under the age of 18. Use only as directed. Consult with your physician before taking this or any other dietary supplement, especially if you have or suspect you may have a medical condition, or are taking any medications, over the counter products, or other dietary supplements. Immediately discontinue use and consult your doctor if any adverse reactions occur.

**KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE IN A COOL, DRY PLACE.  
DO NOT USE IF SEAL IS BROKEN OR REMOVED.**

Bioperine® is a registered trademark of Sabinsa Corporation.

Manufactured for:  
**CELLJETICS®**  
1201 Allen Drive #307  
Grand Island, NE 68803  
**Celljetics.com**



MADE IN THE USA WITH DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL INGREDIENTS.

**SUPPLEMENT FACTS**

Serving Size: 2 Capsules  
Servings per container: 30

	Amount per Serving	%DV*
Vitamin D (as Cholecalciferol)	10 mcg	50%
Magnesium (as Magnesium Amino Chelate)	15 mg	4%
Chromium (as Chromium Picolinate)	25 mcg	71%
<b>Proprietary Complex</b>	<b>1.4 g</b>	<b>**</b>
White Kidney Bean Extract (Phaseolus Vulgaris), African Mango Extract (Irvingia Gabonensis) (seed), Berberine HCl (Berberis aristata) (root), Gymnema Sylvestre Extract (std. to 75% Gymnemic Acids), Cinnamon Powder (Cinnamomum burmannii) (bark), Rhodiola Rosea Root Powder (std. to 3% Rosavins, 1% Salidrosides)		
<b>Enhanced Absorption Agent†</b>	<b>5 mg</b>	<b>**</b>
Bioperine® (Black Pepper Fruit Extract)		

\*Daily Values based on a 2,000 calorie diet  
\*\*Daily Value Not Established

**Other Ingredients:** Vegetable Cellulose (capsules), Silicon Dioxide, Magnesium Stearate.

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**Warning:** Always consult your doctor or healthcare professional before beginning Celljetics or any weight loss or exercise program, especially if you are taking any medications or have any type of medical condition. Do not reduce or stop taking any prescription medications without first consulting with your doctor or healthcare provider.

<sup>1</sup><https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7063375/>  
<sup>2</sup><https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3506011/>  
<sup>3</sup><https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/24166097/>  
<sup>4</sup><https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7230589/>  
<sup>5</sup><https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5446408/>  
<sup>6</sup><https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30799194/>

<sup>7</sup><https://www.mhanational.org/rhodiola-rosea>  
<sup>8</sup><https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/15208835/>  
<sup>9</sup><https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28915134/>  
<sup>10</sup><https://ods.od.nih.gov/factsheets/Magnesium-HealthProfessional/>  
<sup>11</sup><https://www.bioperine.com/index.php/researchhighlight>

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